

Package: estprod (via r-universe)

September 7, 2024

Title Estimation of Production Functions

Version 1.2

Date 2020-07-18

Description Estimation of production functions by the Olley-Pakes, Levinsohn-Petrin and Wooldridge methodologies. The package aims to reproduce the results obtained with the Stata's user written `opreg` <<http://www.stata-journal.com/article.html?article=st0145>> and `levpet` <<http://www.stata-journal.com/article.html?article=st0060>> commands. The first was originally proposed by Olley, G.S. and Pakes, A. (1996) <[doi:10.2307/2171831](https://doi.org/10.2307/2171831)>. The second by Levinsohn, J. and Petrin, A. (2003) <[doi:10.1111/1467-937X.00246](https://doi.org/10.1111/1467-937X.00246)>. And the third by Wooldridge (2009) <[doi:10.1016/j.econlet.2009.04.026](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.econlet.2009.04.026)>.

Depends R (>= 3.0)

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 7.1.1

Imports lazyeval, boot, minpack.lm, Formula, gmm

NeedsCompilation no

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Date/Publication 2020-07-20 09:10:11 UTC

Repository <https://rremedio.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/cran/estprod>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha a6940821feec23049dbde97551fecb3d05cf1a3

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combination_with_repetition
Combination with repetition.

Description

From combinatorial math, this function aims calculates combinations with repetitions.

Usage

```
combination_with_repetition(n, r)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| n | The number of elements (variables). |
| r | The size of the groups (degrees of the polynomial interaction). |

estprod_data *10000 randomly generated variables in panel data format.*

Description

10000 randomly generated variables in panel data format.

Usage

```
estprod_data
```

Format

A data frame with 10000 rows and 10 variables:

- id** Identifies the 1000 randomly generated individuals.
- year** The year associated to each individual observation.
- g1** Put individuals in 25 groups.
- g2** Put individuals in 50 groups.
- var1** Randomly generated variable.
- var2** Randomly generated variable.
- var3** Randomly generated variable.
- var4** Randomly generated variable.
- var5** Randomly generated variable.
- exit** The last year an id appears.

levinsohn_petrin

Levinsohn-Petrin Estimation of Production Functions

Description

This function aims the estimation of production functions using [Levinsohn-Petrin \(2000\)](#).

Usage

```
levinsohn_petrin(  
  data,  
  formula = y ~ free | capital | proxy | controls,  
  exit = NULL,  
  gross = FALSE,  
  id = "id",  
  time = "year",  
  bootstrap = TRUE,  
  reps = 2,  
  degree = c(3, 3),  
  verify = TRUE,  
  maxiter = 100,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

- data** A data.frame or tibble containing the variables of the model.
- formula** An object of the class `formula`.
- exit** An optional formula with the name of the variable indicator of firm's last period. `~exit`, for example.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| gross | If TRUE dependent variable is gross output. |
| id | A character with the name of the indicator variable. |
| time | A character with the name of the time variable. |
| bootstrap | An optional logical. If TRUE calculate bootstrap standard errors. |
| reps | The number of bootstrap replications. |
| degree | A vector with the number of polynomial interactions in each stage of the routine. |
| verify | Verify if inputs are sorted. |
| maxiter | Parameter of <code>nls.lm</code> at second stage. |
| ... | Additional arguments. |

Details

Multipart formula must be specified in the following order: `y ~ free | capital | proxy | controls`. Additional controls are optional. It is possible to use more than one variable, although the use of more than one capital may not be theoretically identified. The function returns an object of the `estprod` or `boot` classes (if `bootstrap` is TRUE).

Examples

```
data(estprod_data)
levinsohn_petrin(data = estprod_data, var1 ~ var2 | var3 | var4,
  exit = ~exit, id = "id", time = "year", bootstrap = TRUE)
```

olley_pakes

Olley-Pakes Estimation of Production Functions

Description

This function aims the estimation of production functions using [Olley-Pakes \(1996\)](#).

Usage

```
olley_pakes(
  data,
  formula = y ~ free | capital | proxy | controls,
  exit = NULL,
  id = "id",
  time = "year",
  bootstrap = TRUE,
  reps = 2,
  degree = c(3, 2),
  verify = TRUE,
  maxiter = 100,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| data | A data.frame or tibble containing the variables of the model. |
| formula | An object of the class <code>formula</code> . |
| exit | An optional formula with the name of the variable indicator of firm's last period. <code>~exit</code> , for example. |
| id | A character with the name of the indicator variable. |
| time | A character with the name of the time variable. |
| bootstrap | An optional logical. If TRUE calculate bootstrap standard errors. |
| reps | The number of bootstrap replications. |
| degree | A vector with the number of the polynomial interactions in each stage of the routine. |
| verify | Verify if inputs are sorted. |
| maxiter | Parameter of <code>nls.lm</code> at second stage. |
| ... | Additional arguments. |

Details

Multipart formula must be specified in the following order: `y ~ free | capital | proxy | controls`. Additional controls are optional. It is possible to use more than one variable, although the use of more than one capital may not be theoretically identified. The function returns an object of the `estprod` or `boot` classes (if `bootstrap` is TRUE).

Examples

```
data(estprod_data)
colley_pakes(data = estprod_data, var1 ~ var2 | var3 | var4,
  exit = ~exit, id = "id", time = "year", bootstrap = TRUE)
```

panel_lag

Panel data lag function

Description

This function aims create the lags of a specified variable from panel data.

Usage

```
panel_lag(x, id, time, lag = 1, verify = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|--|
| x | A vector, data.frame, tibble or matrix. |
| id | A character with the name of the indicator variable. |
| time | A character with the name of the time variable. |
| lag | Number of lags. |
| verify | Check if panel is sorted by id and time variables. |

Note

Based on [Paul Schrimpf's](#) lag function.

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| poly_elements | <i>Number of poly elements.</i> |
|---------------|---------------------------------|

Description

This function aims calculate the number of terms of a polynomial interactions.

Usage

```
poly_elements(n, d)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|------------------------------------|
| n | The number of variables. |
| d | Degrees of polynomial interaction. |

| | |
|------------|---|
| wooldridge | <i>Wooldridge Estimation of Production Functions (Cobb-Douglas)</i> |
|------------|---|

Description

This function aims the estimation of Cobb-Douglas production functions using [Wooldridge \(2009\)](#) method.

Usage

```
wooldridge(
  data,
  formula = y ~ free | capital | proxy | controls,
  gross = FALSE,
  id = "id",
  time = "year",
  bootstrap = FALSE,
  reps = 2,
  degree = c(3, 2),
  verify = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| <code>data</code> | A data.frame or tibble containing the variables of the model. |
| <code>formula</code> | An object of the class <code>formula</code> . |
| <code>gross</code> | If TRUE dependent variable is gross output. |
| <code>id</code> | A character with the name of the indicator variable. |
| <code>time</code> | A character with the name of the time variable. |
| <code>bootstrap</code> | An optional logical. If TRUE calculate bootstrap standard errors. |
| <code>reps</code> | The number of bootstrap replications. |
| <code>degree</code> | A vector with the number of the polynomial interactions in each stage of the routine. |
| <code>verify</code> | Verify if inputs are sorted. |
| <code>...</code> | Additional arguments. |

Details

Multipart formula must be specified in the following order: `y ~ free | capital | proxy | controls`. Additional controls are optional. It is possible to use more than one variable, although the use of more than one capital may not be theoretically identified. The function returns an object of the `estprod` or `boot` classes (if `bootstrap` is TRUE).

Examples

```
data(estprod_data)
wooldridge(data = estprod_data, var1 ~ var2 | var3 | var4,
id = "id", time = "year", bootstrap = TRUE)
```

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